# Controlled Markov Processes and Viscosity Solutions

Wendell H. Fleming, H. Mete Soner

Controlled Markov Processes and Viscosity Solutions

Second Edition



Wendell H. Fleming Div. Applied Mathematics Brown University 182 George Street Providence, RI 02912 USA whf@cfm.brown.edu H.M. Soner Department of Mathematics Carnegie-Mellon University Schenley Park Pittsburgh PA 15213 USA

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We dedicate this edition to Florence Fleming Serpil Soner

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### Preface to Second Edition

This edition differs from the previous one in several respects. The use of stochastic calculus and control methods to analyze financial market models has expanded at a remarkable rate. A new Chapter X gives an introduction to the role of stochastic optimal control in portfolio optimization and in pricing derivatives in incomplete markets. Risk-sensitive stochastic control has been another active research area since the First Edition of this book appeared. Chapter VI of the First Edition has been completely rewritten, to emphasize the relationships between logarithmic transformations and risk sensitivity. Risk-sensitive control theory provides a link between stochastic control and H-infinity control theory. In the H-infinity approach, disturbances in a control system are modelled deterministically, instead of in terms of stochastic processes. A new Chapter XI gives a concise introduction to two-controller, zero-sum differential games. Included are differential games which arise in nonlinear H-infinity control and as totally risk-averse limits in risk-sensitive stochastic control. Other changes from the First Edition include an updated treatment in Chapter V of viscosity solutions for second-order PDEs. Material has also been added in Section I.11 on existence of optimal controls in deterministic problems. This simplifies the presentation in later sections, and also is of independent interest.

We wish to thank D. Hernandez-Hernandez, W.M. McEneaney and S.-J. Sheu who read various new chapters of this edition and made helpful comments. We are also indebted to Madeline Brewster and Winnie Isom for their able, patient help in typing and revising the text for this edition.

## **Preface**

This book is intended as an introduction to optimal stochastic control for continuous time Markov processes and to the theory of viscosity solutions. We approach stochastic control problems by the method of dynamic programming. The fundamental equation of dynamic programming is a nonlinear evolution equation for the value function. For controlled Markov diffusion processes on n - dimensional euclidean space, the dynamic programming equation becomes a nonlinear partial differential equation of second order, called a Hamilton – Jacobi – Bellman (HJB) partial differential equation. The theory of viscosity solutions, first introduced by M. G. Crandall and P.-L. Lions, provides a convenient framework in which to study HJB equations. Typically, the value function is not smooth enough to satisfy the HJB equation in a classical sense. However, under quite general assumptions the value function is the unique viscosity solution of the HJB equation with appropriate boundary conditions. In addition, the viscosity solution framework is well suited to proving continuous dependence of solutions on problem data.

The book begins with an introduction to dynamic programming for deterministic optimal control problems in Chapter I, and to the corresponding theory of viscosity solutions in Chapter II. A rather elementary introduction to dynamic programming for controlled Markov processes is provided in Chapter III. This is followed by the more technical Chapters IV and V, which are concerned with controlled Markov diffusions and viscosity solutions of HJB equations. We have tried, through illustrative examples in early chapters and the selection of material in Chapters VI – VII, to connect stochastic control theory with other mathematical areas (e.g. large deviations theory) and with applications to engineering, physics, management, and finance. Chapter VIII is an introduction to singular stochastic control. Dynamic programming leads in that case not to a single partial differential equation, but rather to a system of partial differential inequalities. This is also a feature of other important classes of stochastic control problems not treated in this book, such as impulsive control and problems with costs for switching controls.

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Value functions can be found explicitly by solving the HJB equation only in a few cases, including the linear–quadratic regulator problem, and some special problems in finance theory. Otherwise, numerical methods for solving the HJB equation approximately are needed. This is the topic of Chapter IX.

Chapters III, IV and VI rely on probabilistic methods. The only results about partial differential equations used in these chapters concern classical solutions (not viscosity solutions.) These chapters can be read independently of Chapters II and V. On the other hand, readers wishing an introduction to viscosity solutions with little interest in control may wish to focus on Chapter II, Secs. 4–6, 8 and on Chapter V, Secs. 4–8.

We wish to thank M. Day, G. Kossioris, M. Katsoulakis, W. McEneaney, S. Shreve, P. E. Souganidis, Q. Zhang and H. Zhu who read various chapters and made helpful comments. Thanks are also due to Janice D'Amico who typed drafts of several chapters. We are especially indebted to Christy Newton. She not only typed several chapters, but patiently helped us through many revisions to prepare the final version.

W.H. Fleming H.M. Soner

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